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First Alert®

First Alert®

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INTRODUCTION Thank you for chosing First Allert<sup>®</sup> for your Smoke Alarm needs. You have purchased a state of the art Smoke Alarm designed to provide you with early warning of a fire. Please take the time to read this manual and make the Smoke Alarm an integral part of your family's safety plan.

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Photoelectric Sensing Technology: Photoelectric Sensors are generally more sensitive than ionization sensors in detecting smoldering fires which commonly occur in couches or bedding.

**OptiPath 360 Technology™:** Patented technology provides 360° of direct access to the smoke sensor. Single Test/Silence Button: Allows you to test the Alarm or silence nuisance alarms. Testing the Alarm assures you that the unit is functioning correctly and ready to protect you and your family. The Alarm can be silenced for up to 9 minutes in the event of a nuisance alarm.

10 Year End of Life Indicator: 3 horn pulses every 43 seconds alerts you that the unit must be replaced. Lacal Alarm Memory: Green LED filashes 3 times every 43 seconds for 24 hours. After 24 hours the unit will chirp rapidly while the Test button is pressed. Memory is cleared when the button is released.

Low battery warning: The Alarm will sound a "chirp" once per minute when the Smoke Alarm needs to be replaced.

Low battery silence: The Alarm can be silenced for 8 hours. Red Blinking Power Indicator every 6 minutes: Confirms that the Smoke Alarm is receiving power

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For maximum protection, use both types of Smoke Alarms on each level and in every bedroom of your home.

Follow safety rules and prevent hazardous situations: 1) Use smoking materials properly. Never smoke in bed. 2) Keep matches or lighters away from children, 5) Store flammable materials in proper containers, 4) Keep electrical appliances in good condition and don't overtead electrical circuits, 5) Keep stores, 130-ton (1916), implaces and orthingory grease—and debris-free, 6) Power leave anything cooking on the store unattended; 7) Keep portable heat and open flames, like candides, away from flammable materials, 8) Don't let rubbish accumulate. Keep alarms clean, and test them weekly, Replace alarm immediately if they are not working properly. Smoke Alarms that do not work cannot alert you to a line. Keep al reast one working fire exclusibles or one working fire exclusions. floor, and an additional one in the kitchen. Have fire escape ladders or other reliable means of escape from an upper floor in case stairs are blocket

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Printed in Mexico CERTIFIED 3
M08-0466-153444-PR710A-6-CA K3 9/16 STD. S531



**SMOKE AND FIRE\* ALARM** 

OPERATED PHOTOELEC SMOKE ALARM WITH

IMPORTANT! PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND SAVE.

The warnings/limitations card and manual contains important informati about your Smoke Alarm's operation. If you are installing this Alarm for use by others, you must leave this manual—or a copy of it—with the end user. Reference product card for additional information.

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**USER'S MANUAL SMOKE AND FIRE\* ALARM** 

10 YEAR SEALED BATTERY

IMPORTANT! PLEASE READ CAREFULLY AND SAVE.

Printed in Mexico CERTIFIED TO M08-0466-153444-PR710A-6-CA K3 9/16 STD. S531 INTRODUCTION Thank you for choosing First Alert<sup>®</sup> for your Smoke Alarm needs. You have purchased a state of the art Smoke Alarm designed to provide you with early warning of a fire. Please take the time to read this manual and make the Smoke Alarm an integral part of your family's safety plan.

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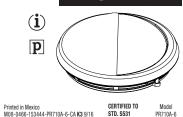
FIRE SAFETY TIPS

Find SAFE III III S
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First Alert<sup>®</sup>

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**BEFORE YOU INSTALL THIS SMOKE ALARM** 

**HOW TO INSTALL THIS SMOKE ALARM** 

THE PARTS OF THIS

2. Dual Power indicator light and

LED provides visual indicatio of an Alarm and Hush modes

1. Mounting bracket

Mounting slots

Turn this way to attach

FOLLOW THESE SIMPLE STEPS

4. Turn this way to remove

Tools you will need: Pencil, Drill with 3/16" (5 mm) drill bit, Standard flathead screwdriver, Hammer

INCLUS INTELE SIMPLE SIEPS

Hold the mounting bracket against the ceiling (or wall) so the two clusters of universal mounting holes are aligned approximately at the 900 and 3:00 o'clock positions. See image. Choose one of the three sets of holes shown, A, B or C (see image) and trace around one of the sets. Be sure to choose a top and bottom sol on opposite sides so you can rotate the universal mounting bracket without congletely removing the scriens. WARNING! Do not install this Smoke Alarm over an existing electrical boxs.

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Put the unit where it won't get covered with dust when you drill the mounting holes.

5. Using a 3/16" (5 mm) drill bit, drill a hole through the center of the oval outlines you traced.

Insert the plastic screw anchors (in the plastic bag with screws) into the holes. Tap the screw anchors gently with a hammer, if necessary, until they are flush with the ceiling or wall.

Install the screws but do not tighten completely. Attach the mounting bracket by aligning
the screws in the open portion of the universal mounting slots and rotating the bracket into
place. Tighten the screws until they are snug to secure the bracket. Do not over tighten.

Activate. Office units advivate the battery, the power indicator light may flash. (If the unit alarms, the light will blink rapidly, and the horn will repeatedly sound 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps.) Onci the Smoke Alarm is on the bracket, you can rotate the Alarm to adjust the alignment.

10. After 10 years of operation or Low Battery warning, To Deactivate the Smoke Alarm: Insert a tool below edge where shown and break tab. Then slide activation switch to deactivate mode. NOTE: At end of life or low battery indication (chirp): unit must be put into deactivation mode to deactivate remaining stored energy in battery. Unit will no longer function once put into this mode. Unit will resist re-mounting.

Activating the battery. Mount alarm to mounting bracket to activate. Once unit is activated, it cannot be turned off.

9. Test the Smoke Alarm. See "Weekly Testing."

Important! Read "Recommended Locations for Smoke Alarms" and "Locations to Avoid for Smoke Alarms" before beginning. This unit monitors the air, and when smoke reaches its sensing chamber, it alarms. It can give you more time to escape before fire spreads. This unit can ONLY give an early warning of developing fires if it is installed, maintained and located where smoke can reach it, and where all residents can hear it, as described in this manual. This unit will not sense gas, heat, or flame. It cannot prevent or extinguish fires. Understand The Different Type of Smoke Alarms: Battery powered or electrical? Different Smoke Alarms provide different types of protection. See "About Smoke Alarms" for details.

Know Where To Install Your Smoke Alarms: Fire Safety Professionals recommend at least one Smoke Alarm on every level of your home, in every bedroom, and in every bedroom hallway or separate sleeping area. See "Recommended Locations For Smoke Alarms" and "Locations To Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details. Know What Smoke Alarms Can and Can't Do: A Smoke Alarm can help alert you to fire, giving you precious time to escape. It can only sound an alarm once smoke reaches the sensor. See "Limitations of Smoke Alarms" for details. Check Your Local Building Codes: This Smoke Alarm is designed to be used in a typical single-family home. It alone will not meet requirements for boarding houses, apartment buildings, hotels or motels. See "Special Compliance Considerations" for details.

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The optional locking feature is designed to prevent unauthorized rei of the alarm. It is not necessary to activate the lock in single-family households where unauthorized alarm removal is not a concern.

Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers or utility knife - Standard flathead screwdriver The feature uses a locking pin which is molded into the mounting bracket. Remove locking pin by using needle-nose pliers or a utility knife.

IMPORTANT! o permanently remove the locking pin, insert a flathead screwdrive etween the locking pin and the lock and pry the pin out of the lock

- TO LOCK THE MOUNTING BRACKET
- Insert the locking pin through the
- . When you attach the alarm to the mounting bracket the locking pin's head will fit into a notch on the bracket.

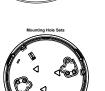


## MOUNTING BRACKET

TO UNLOCK THE

- Insert a flathead screv in between the mounting bracket and the locking pin
- Pry the alarm away from the bracke by pushing up the screwdriver and turning the alarm counterclood (left) at the same time.

**WEEKLY TESTING** 







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## **HOW TO INSTALL THIS SMOKE ALARM**

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Tools you will need: Pencil, Drill with 3/16" (5 mm) drill bit, Standard flathead screwdriver, Hammer THE PARTS OF THIS **SMOKE ALARM** 

2. Dual Power indicator light and Alarm indicator: Green LED provides visual indication of an Alarm Memory condition; Red LED provides visual indicatio of an Alarm and Hush modes

4. Turn this way to remove











10. After 10 years of operation or Low Battery warning, To Deactivate the Smoke Alarm: Insert a tool below edge where shown and break tab. Then slide activation switch to deactivate mode. NOTE: At end of life or low battery indication (chirp): unit must be put into deactivation mode to deactivate remaining stored energy in battery. Unit will no longer function once put into this mode. Unit will resist re-mounting.





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crews. WARNING! Do not install this Smoke Alarm over an existing electrical box.

Using a 3/16" (5 mm) drill bit, drill a hole through the center of the oval outlines you traced.

Insert the plastic screw anchors (in the plastic bag with screws) into the holes. Tap the screw anchors gently with a hammer, if necessary, until they are flush with the ceiling or wall.

Install the screws but do not tighten completely. Attach the mounting bracket by aligning the screws in the open portion of the universal mounting slots and rotating the bracket into place. Tighten the screws until they are snug to secure the bracket. Do not over tighten.

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Only AC powered units are intended for installation over electrical boxes

4. Put the unit where it won't get covered with dust when you drill the mounting holes.

**SMOKE ALARM** 2. Dual Power indicator light and

3. Turn this way to attach

4. Turn this way to remove

FOLLOW THESE SIMPLE STEPS

9. Test the Smoke Alarm. See "Weekly Testing."













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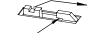








Install the screws but do not tighten completely. Attach the mounting bracket by aligning
the screws in the open portion of the universal mounting slots and rotating the bracket into
place. Tighten the screws until they are snug to secure the bracket. Do not over tighten.



## The unit may continue to alarm for a few seconds after you release the button.

 DO NOT stand close to the Alarm when the horn is sounding. Exposure at close range may be harmful to your hearing. When testing, step away when horn starts sounding. ACAUTION! It is important to test this unit every week to make sure it is working properly. Using the Test/Silence button is the recommended way to test this Smoke Alarm. Press and hold the Test/Silence button on the cover of the unit until the alarm sounds

If the Alarm ever fails to test properly, replace it immediately. Products under warranty may be returned
to the manufacturer for replacement. See "Limited Warranty" for details.

AWARNING!

NEVER use an open flame of any kind to test this unit. You might accidentally damage or set fire to the unit or to your home.

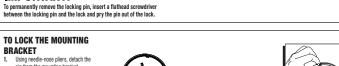
If it does not alarm, make sure the unit is receiving power and test it again.

If it still does not alarm, replace it immediately. During testing you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. Red LED flashes rapidly

## **OPTIONAL LOCKING FEATURE**

The optional locking feature is designed to prevent unauthorized rei of the alarm. It is not necessary to activate the lock in single-family households where unauthorized alarm removal is not a concern.

Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers or utility knife · Standard flathead screwdrive The feature uses a locking pin which is molded into the mounting bracket. Remove locking pin by using needle-nose pliers or a utility knife. IMPORTANT!



## TO UNLOCK THE MOUNTING BRACKET

Insert the locking pin through the

. When you attach the alarm to the

mounting bracket the locking pin's head will fit into a notch on the bracket.

in between the mounting bracket and the locking pin



## **WEEKLY TESTING** AWARNING! NEVER use an open flame of any kind to test this unit. You might accidentally damage or set fire to the unit or to your home.

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 The unit may continue to alarm for a few seconds after you release the button. If it does not alarm, make sure the unit is receiving power and test it again.

If it still does not alarm, replace it immediately. During testing you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. Red LED flashes rapidly

## **OPTIONAL LOCKING FEATURE** The optional locking feature is designed to prevent unauthorized rei of the alarm. It is not necessary to activate the lock in single-family households where unauthorized alarm removal is not a concern.

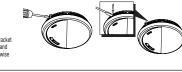
Tools you will need: Needle-nose pliers or utility knife · Standard flathead screwdriver

The feature uses a locking pin which is molded into the mounting bracket. Remove locking pin by using needle-nose pliers or a utility knife. IMPORTANT! To permanently remove the locking pin, insert a flathead screwdrive between the locking pin and the lock and pry the pin out of the lock.



#### TO UNLOCK THE MOUNTING BRACKET

bracket and the locking pir Pry the alarm away from the brack by pushing up the screwdriver and



## **WEEKLY TESTING** AWARNING!

turning the alarm count (left) at the same time.

NEVER use an open flame of any kind to test this unit. You might accidentally damage or set fire to the unit or to your home. If the Alarm ever fails to test properly, replace it immediately. Products under warranty may be returned to the manufacturer for replacement. See "Limited Warranty" for details.

DO NOT stand close to the Alarm when the horn is sounding. Exposure at close range may be harmful to your hearing. When testing, step away when horn starts sounding.

- ACAUTION! It is important to test this unit every week to make sure it is working properly. Using the Test/Silence button is the recommended way to test this Smoke Alarm. Press and hold the Test/Silence button on the cover of the unit until the alarm sounds
- The unit may continue to alarm for a few seconds after you release the button. If it does not alarm, make sure the unit is receiving power and test it again.

**OPTIONAL LOCKING FEATURE** 

IMPORTANT!

TO LOCK THE MOUNTING

Insert the locking pin through the

. When you attach the alarm to the

TO UNLOCK THE

MOUNTING BRACKET

Insert a flathead screwo

in between the mounting bracket and the locking pin

turning the alarm countercle (left) at the same time.

**WEEKLY TESTING** 

ACAUTION!

Pry the alarm away from the bracke by pushing up the screwdriver and

mounting bracket the locking pin's head will fit into a notch on the bracket.

BRACKET

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If it still does not alarm, replace it immediately. During testing you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. Red LED flashes rapidly

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DO NOT stand close to the Alarm when the horn is sounding. Exposure at close range may be harmful to your hearing. When testing, step away when horn starts sounding.

The unit may continue to alarm for a few seconds after you release the button.

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

IF THIS SMOKE ALARM SOUNDS

If the unit alarms get everyone out of the house immediately.

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE

Never go back inside a burning building for any reason.

USING THE SILENCE FEATURE

REGULAR MAINTENANCE

IF THIS SMOKE ALARM SOUNDS

If the unit alarms get everyone out of the house immediately.

WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE

· Never go back inside a burning building for any reason.

USING THE SILENCE FEATURE

Contact your Fire Department for ideas on making your home safer

SILENCING THE LOW BATTERY WARNING

Test it at least once a week.

AWARNING!

AWARNING!

Contact your Fire Department for ideas on making your home safer.

SILENCING THE LOW BATTERY WARNING

Test it at least once a week.

AWARNING!

AWARNING!

ce free as possible, but there are a few simple things you must do to keep it working properly.

Clean the Smoke Alarm at least once a month; gently vacuum off any dust using your household vacuum's soft brush attachment, and test the Smoke Alarm after cleaning. Never use water, cleaners or solvents since they may damage the unit.

When the battery becomes weak, the Smoke Alarm unit will "chirp" approximately once a minute (the Low Battery warning). This low battery
warning should last for up to 30 days, but you should replace the Smoke Alarm immediately to continue your protection.

Relocate the unit if it sounds frequent unwanted alarms. See "Locations to Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details.

Actual service life depends on the Smoke Alarm and the environment in which it is installed. You MUST replace the Smoke Alarm immediately once the unit starts "chirping" (the "low battery warning").

RESPONDING TO AN ALARM
During an alarm, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. The Red LED flashes rapidly

If the unit alarms and you are not testing the unit, it is warning you of a potentially dangerous situation that requires your immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death.

· Get out of the house as quickly as possible. Don't stop to get dressed or collect anything.

Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth (preferably damp). Take short, shallow breaths.

Call the Fire Department as soon as possible from outside. Give your address, then your name.

Feel doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If a door is cool, open it slowly. Don't open a
hot door. Keep doors and windows closed, unless you must escape through them.

. Meet at your planned meeting place outside your home, and do a head count to make sure everybody got out safely.

. If the Smoke Alarm becomes contaminated by excessive dirt, dust and/or grime, and cannot be cleaned to avoid unwanted alarms, replace the unit immediately.

Never remove the batteries from a battery operated Smoke Alarm to stop an unwanted alarm (caused by cooking smoke, etc.). Removing batteries disables the alarm so it cannot sense smoke, and removes your protection. Instead open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The alarm will reset automatically

USTING THE SILECTIVE FEATURE

The Silence Feature can temporarily quiet an unwanted alarm for up to 8 minutes. To use this feature, press the Test/Silence button on the cover. If the unit will not silence and no heavy smoke is present, or if it stays in silence mode continuously, it should be replaced immediately. The LED will flash every 10 seconds while in silence.

The Silence Feature does not disable the unit—it makes it temporarily less sensitive to smoke. For your safety, if smoke around the unit is dense enough to suggest a potentially dangerous situation, the unit will stay in alarm or may re-alarm quickly. If you do not know the source of the smoke, do not assume it is an unwanted alarm. Not responding to an alarm can result in property loss, injury, or death.

This silence feature an temporarily duel the Low Battery warring "chirp". Press the Test/Silence button on the Alarm. The Red light flashes normally once every 6 minutes, during Low Battery Warning Silence. After time, the low battery "chirp" will resume. Deactivate the Smoke Alarm and replace it immediately.

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SILEAROUNG THE LOW DATLETT WARRIENG
This silence feature can temporarily quiet the Low Battery warring "chirp". Press the Test/Silence button on the Alarm. The Red light flashes normally once every 6 minutes, during Low Battery Warning Silence. After time, the low battery "chirp" will resume. Deactivate the Smoke Alarm and replace it immediately.

When the battery becomes weak, the Smoke Alarm unit will "chirp" approximately once a minute (the Low Battery warning). This low battery
warning should last for up to 30 days, but you should replace the Smoke Alarm immediately to continue your protection.

Relocate the unit if it sounds frequent unwanted alarms. See "Locations to Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details.

Actual service life depends on the Smoke Alarm and the environment in which it is installed. You MUST replace the Smoke Alarm immediately once the unit starts "chirping" (the "low battery warning").

RESPONDING TO AN ALARM
During an alarm, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. The Red LED flashes rapidly

If the unit alarms and you are not testing the unit, it is warning you of a potentially dangerous situation that requires your immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death.

· Get out of the house as quickly as possible. Don't stop to get dressed or collect anything.

Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth (preferably damp). Take short, shallow breaths.

Call the Fire Department as soon as possible from outside. Give your address, then your name.

Feel doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If a door is cool, open it slowly. Don't open a
hot door. Keep doors and windows closed, unless you must escape through them.

. Meet at your planned meeting place outside your home, and do a head count to make sure everybody got out safely.

- REGULAR MAINTENANCE is unit has been designed to be as maintenance free as possible, but there are a few simple things you must do to keep it working properly.
- Clean the Smoke Alarm at least once a month; gently vacuum off any dust using your household vacuum's soft brush attachment, and test the Smoke Alarm after cleaning. Never use water, cleaners or solvents since they may damage the unit.
- If the Smoke Alarm becomes contaminated by excessive dirt, dust and/or grime, and cannot be cleaned to avoid unwanted alarms, replace the unit immediately.
   Relocate the unit if it sounds frequent unwanted alarms. See "Locations to Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details.
- When the battery becomes weak, the Smoke Alarm unit will "chirp" approximately once a minute (the Low Battery warning). This low battery
  warning should last for up to 30 days, but you should replace the Smoke Alarm immediately to continue your protection.

# Actual service life depends on the Smoke Alarm and the environment in which it is installed. You MUST replace the Smoke Alarm immediately once the unit starts "chirping" (the "low battery warning").

IF THIS SMOKE ALARM SOUNDS ING TO AN ALARM

#### During an alarm, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. The Red LED flashes rapidly. AWARNING!

If the unit alarms get everyone out of the house immediately.

# If the unit alarms and you are not esting the unit, it is warning you of a potentially dangerous situation that requires your immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death. Never remove the batteries from a battery operated Smoke Alarm to stop an unwanted alarm (caused by cooking smoke, etc.). Removing batteries disables the alarm so it cannot sense smoke, and removes your protection. Instead open a window or fan the smoke away from the unit. The alarm will reset automatically.

# WHAT TO DO IN CASE OF FIRE

AWARNING!

- · Get out of the house as quickly as possible. Don't stop to get dressed or collect anything.
- Feel doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If a door is cool, open it slowly. Don't open a hot door. Keep doors and windows closed, unless you must escape through them.
   Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth (preferably damp). Take short, shallow breaths.
- Meet at your planned meeting place outside your home, and do a head count to make sure everybody got out safely. Call the Fire Department as soon as possible from outside. Give your address, then your name. . Never go back inside a burning building for any reason.

#### Alarms have various limitations. See "Limitations of Smoke Alarms" for details. USING THE SILENCE FEATURE The Silence Feature can temporarily quiet an unwanted alarm for up to 9 minutes. To use this feature, press the Test/Silence button on the cover. If the unit will not silence and no heavy smoke is present, or if it stays in silence mode continuously, it should be replaced immediately. The LED will flash every 10 seconds while in silence.

The Silence Feature does not disable the unit—it makes it temporarily less sensitive to smoke. For your safety, if smoke around the unit is dense enough to suggest a potentially dangerous situation, the unit will stay in alarm or may re-alarm quickly. If you do not know the source of the smoke, do not assume it is an unwanted alarm. Not responding to an alarm can result in property loss, injury, or death.

## SILENCING THE LOW BATTERY WARNING SILEMOING THE LOW BALLERY WARNING This silence feature can temporarily quiet the Low Battery warning "chirp". Press the Test/Silence button on the Alarm. The Red light flashes normally, once every 6 minutes, during Low Battery Warning Silence. After time, the low battery "chirp" will resume. Deactivate the Smoke Alarm and replace it immediately.

#### **REGULAR MAINTENANCE** e free as possible, but there are a few simple things you must do to keep it working properly. Test it at least once a week.

Clean the Smoke Alarm at least once a month; gently vacuum off any dust using your household vacuum's soft brush attachment, and test the Smoke Alarm after cleaning. Never use water, cleaners or solvents since they may damage the unit. . If the Smoke Alarm becomes contaminated by excessive dirt, dust and/or grime, and cannot be cleaned to avoid unwanted alarms, replace the unit immediately.

# Relocate the unit if it sounds frequent unwanted alarms. See "Locations to Avoid For Smoke Alarms" for details.

## IMPORTANT! Actual service life depends on the Smoke Alarm and the environment in which it is installed. You MUST replace the Smoke Alarm immediately once the unit starts "chirping" (the "low battery warning").

# RESPONDING TO AN ALARM During an alarm, you will hear a loud, repeating horn pattern: 3 beeps, pause, 3 beeps, pause. The Red LED flashes rapidly.

AWARNING!

If the unit alarms get everyone out of the house immediately. If the unit alarms and you are not testing the unit, it is warning you of a potentially dangerous situation that requires your immediate attention. NEVER ignore any alarm. Ignoring the alarm may result in injury or death.

## · Get out of the house as quickly as possible. Don't stop to get dressed or collect anything. Feel doors with the back of your hand before opening them. If a door is cool, open it slowly. Don't open a hot door. Keep doors and windows closed, unless you must escape through them.

Cover your nose and mouth with a cloth (preferably damp). Take short, shallow breaths.

# USING THE SILENCE FEATURE

USINU I THE SILECTURE FEATURE

The Silence Feature can temporarily outed a numerated alarm for up to 9 minutes. To use this feature, press the Test/Silence button on the cover. If the unit will not silence and no heavy smoke is present, or if it stays in silence mode continuously, it should be replaced immediately. The LED will flash every 10 seconds while in silence.

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The Silence Feature does not disable the unit—it makes it temporarily less sensitive to smoke. For your safety, it smoke around the unit is dense enough to suggests a potentially deaperous situation, the unit will stay in alarm or may re-airm quickly. If you do not know the source of the smoke, but not assume it is an unwanted alarm. Not responding to an alarm can result in property loss, injury, or death.

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This silence feature an temporarily duel the Low Battery warring "chirp". Press the Test/Silence button on the Alarm. The Red light flashes normally once every 6 minutes, during Low Battery Warning Silence. After time, the low battery "chirp" will resume. Deactivate the Smoke Alarm and replace it immediately.

When the battery becomes weak, the Smoke Alarm unit will "chirp" approximately once a minute (the Low Battery warning). This low battery
warning should last for up to 30 days, but you should replace the Smoke Alarm immediately to continue your protection.

# IF THIS SMOKE ALARM SOUNDS

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. Meet at your planned meeting place outside your home, and do a head count to make sure everybody got out safely. Call the Fire Department as soon as possible from outside. Give your address, then your name.

#### · Never go back inside a burning building for any reason. Contact your Fire Department for ideas on making your home safer

## AWARNING! irms have various limitations. See "Limitations of Smoke Alarms" for details.

IF YOU SUSPECT A PROBLEM

Smoke Alarms may not operate properly because of a dead or weak battery, a build-up of dirt, dust or grease on the Smoke Alarm cover, or installation in an improper location. Clean the Smoke Alarm as described in "Regular Maintenance," and then test the Smoke Alarm again. If it fails to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem persists, replace the Smoke Alarm immediately.

If you hear a "chirp" about once a minute, replace the Smoke Alarm.

#### If you experience frequent non-emergency alarms (like those caused by cooking smoke), try relocating the Smoke Alarm. If the alarm sounds when no smoke is visible, try cleaning or relocating the Smoke Alarm. The cover may be dirty.

## . If the alarm does not sound during testing, make sure the power pack activating lever is pushed all the way securely.

#### Do not try fixing the Alarm yourself – this will void your warranty! If the Smoke Alarm is still not operating properly, and it is still under warranty, please see "How to Obtain Warranty Service" in the Limited Warranty.

Specific requirements for Smoke Alarm installation vary from state to state and from region to region. Check with your local Fire Department for current requirements in your area. It is recommended AC or AC/DC units be interconnected for added protection.

NFPA 72 CHAPTER 29 "FOR YOUR INFORMATION, THE NATIONAL FIRE ALARM AND SIGNALING CODE, NFPA 72, READS AS FOLLOWS:"

(2) \*Outside of each separate dwelling unit sleeping area, within 21 ft (6.4 m) of any door to a sleeping room, with the distance measured along a path of travel

(a) In the living area(s) of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility)
(Reprinted with permission from NFPA 72\*\*, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code Copyright © 2010 National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted materials is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety), (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code® and NFPA 72® are registered trademarks of the National Fire Protection Association, Inc., Quincy, MA 02269).

(4) On every level of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility), including basements and excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics

Early warning detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: A Smoke Alarm installed in each separate sleeping area (in the vicinity, but outside bedrooms), and Heat or Smoke Alarms in the living rooms, fining rooms, bedrooms, kitchens, hallways, finished attics, furnace rooms, closets, utility and storage rooms, besements, and attached garages.

**RECOMMENDED LOCATIONS FOR SMOKE ALARMS** 

Installing Smoke Alarms in Single-Family Residences The National Fire Protection Association (NPPA), recommends one Smoke Alarm on every floor, in every sleeping area, and in every bedroom. In new construction, the Smoke Alarms must be AD powered and interconnected. See "Agency Placement Recommendations" for details. For additional coverage, it is recommended that you install a Smoke Alarm in Ilorons, halls, storage areas, finished attiss, and basements licks, and basements with emperatures normally remain between 40° F (4.4° C) and 100° F (37.8° C). Make sure no door or other obstruction could keep smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarms.



**AGENCY PLACEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS** 

29.5.1.1\* Where required by other governing laws, codes, or standards for a specific type of occupancy, approved single and multiple-station smoke alarms shall be installed as follows:

MORE SPECIFICALLY, INSTALL SMOKE ALARMS: finished attics and basements.

Inside every bedroom, especially if people sleep with doors closed meters) long, install an Alarm at each end.

MORE SPECIFICALLY, INSTALL SMOKE ALARMS:

meters) long, install an Alarm at each end.

finished attics and basements. Inside every bedroom, especially if

people sleep with doors closed

AWARNING!

# This unit will not alert hearing impaired residents. It is recommended that you install special units which use devices like flashing strobe lights to alert hearing impaired residents.

## Do not connect this unit to any other alarm or auxiliary device. It is a single-station unit that cannot be linked to other devices. Connecting anything else to this unit may prevent it from working properly. Unit will not operate without battery power.

BASIC SAFETY INFORMATION

## ACAUTION!

- Do not install this unit over an electrical junction box. Air currents around junction boxes can prevent smoke from reaching the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from alarming. Only AC powered units are intended for installation over junction boxes.
- Do not stand too close to the unit when the alarm is sounding. It is loud to wake you in an emergency. Exposure to the horn at close range may harm your hearing. . Do not paint over the unit. Paint may clog the openings to the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from operating properly.

FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, IT IS RECOMMENDED YOU AVOID INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN THESE AREAS:

Where combustion particles are produced. Combustion particles form when something burns. Areas to avoid include poorly ventilated kitchens, garages, and furnace rooms. Keep units at least 10 bet 16 meters if one sources of combustion particles (store, furnace, water heater, space heater) if possible. In areas where a 20-foot (6-meter) distance is not possible – in modular, mobile, or smaller homes, for example – its recommended the Smoke Alarm be placed as far from these fuel-burning sources as possible. The placement recommendations are intended to keep these Alarms at a reasonable distance from a fuel-burning source, and thus reduce "unwanted" alarms. Unwanted alarms can occur if a Smoke Alarm be placed directly next to a fuel-burning source. Ventilate these areas as much as possible.

In air streams near kitchens. Air currents can draw cooking smoke into the sensing chamber of a Smoke Alarm ment resident from a fuel produce of the sensing chamber of a Smoke Alarm ment resident from those are used.

. In very damp, humid or steamy areas, or directly near bathrooms with showers. Keep units at least 10 feet (3 meters) away from showers, saunas, dishwashers, etc.

. In very dusty, dirty, or greasy areas. Do not install a Smoke Alarm directly over the stove or range. Keep laundry room Smoke Alarms free of dust or lint.

Near fresh air vents, ceiling fans, or in very drafty areas. Drafts can blow smoke away from the unit, preventing it from reaching the ser

In insect infested areas. Insects can clog openings to the sensing chamber and cause unwanted alarms.

Less than 12 inches (305mm) away from fluorescent lights. Electrical "noise" can interfere with the sensor.
 In "dead air" spaces. "Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm.

For wall mounting (if allowed by building codes), the top edge of Smoke Alarms should be placed between 4 and 12 inches (102 and 305 mm) from the wall/ceiling line, below typical "dead air" spaces.

Where the temperatures are regularly below 40° F (4.4° C) or above 100° F (37.8° C), including unheated buildings, outdoor rooms, porches, or unfinished attics or basements.

AVOIDING DEAD AIR SPACES
"Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm. To avoid dead air spaces, follow the installation recommendations below.

On ceilings, install Smoke Alarms as close to the center of the ceiling as possible. If this is not possible, install the Smoke Alarm at least 4 inches (102 mm) from the wall or corner.

On a peaked, gabled, or cathedral ceiling, install the first Smoke Alarm within 3 feet (0.9 meters) of the peak of the ceiling, measured horizontally. Additional Smoke Alarms may be required depending on the length, angle, etc. of the ceiling's slope. Refer to NFPA 72 for details on requirements for sloped or peaked ceilings.

## SPECIAL COMPLIANCE CONSIDERATIONS

LOCATIONS TO AVOID FOR SMOKE ALARMS

**LOCATIONS TO AVOID FOR SMOKE ALARMS** 

This Smoke Alarm is suitable for use in apartments, condominiums, howmhouses, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, gro homes and dormitories provided a primary fire detection system afready exists to meet fire detection requirements in common areas like abbles, health protries. Using his Smoke Alarm in common areas may not provide sufficient warning to all residents or meet focal fire protection ordinances/regulations s, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group This Smoke Alarm alone is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in places housing many people—like apartment buildings, condominiums, hotels, moltels, domillories, hospitals, health care facilities, nursing homes, day care facilities, or group homes of any kind. It is not a suitable substitute for complet fire detection systems in warehouses, industrial facilities, commercial buildings, and special-proysos non-residental buildings with regular special fire detection and alarm systems. Depending on the building codes in your area, this Smoke Alarm may be used to provide additional protection in these facilities. In new construction, most building codes require the use of AC or AC/DC powered Smoke Alarms only. In existing construction, AC, AC/DC, or DC powered Smoke Alarms can be used as specified by tocal building codes. Refer to NFPA 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (LIG Safety Code), local building codes, or consult your Fire Department for detailed fire protection requirements in buildings or defined as "households".

FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, IT IS RECOMMENDED YOU AVOID INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN THESE AREAS:

Where combustion particles are produced. Combustion particles form when something burns. Areas to avoid include poorly ventilated kitchens, garages, and furnace rooms. Keep units at least 10 bet 16 meters if one sources of combustion particles (store, furnace, water heater, space heater) if possible. In areas where a 20-foot (6-meter) distance is not possible – in modular, mobile, or smaller homes, for example – its recommended the Smoke Alarm be placed as far from these fuel-burning sources as possible. The placement recommendations are intended to keep these Alarms at a reasonable distance from a fuel-burning source, and thus reduce "unwanted" alarms. Unwanted alarms can occur if a Smoke Alarm be placed directly next to a fuel-burning source. Ventilate these areas as much as possible.

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For wall mounting (if allowed by building codes), the top edge of Smoke Alarms should be placed between 4 and 12 inches (102 and 305 mm) from the wall/ceiling line, below typical "dead air" spaces.

This unit will not alert hearing impaired residents. It is recommended that you install special units which use devices like flashing strobe lights to alert hearing impaired residents.

Do not connect this unit to any other alarm or auxiliary device. It is a single-station unit that cannot be linked to other devices. Connecting anything else to this unit may prevent it from working properly.

. Do not paint over the unit. Paint may clog the openings to the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from operating properly.

BASIC SAFETY INFORMATION

Unit will not operate without battery power.

**SPECIAL COMPLIANCE CONSIDERATIONS** 

**LOCATIONS TO AVOID FOR SMOKE ALARMS** 

AWARNING!

ACAUTION!

Where the temperatures are regularly below 40° F (4.4° C) or above 100° F (37.8° C), including unheated buildings, outdoor rooms, porches, or unfinished attics or basements.

AVOIDING DEAD AIR SPACES
"Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm. To avoid dead air spaces, follow the installation recommendations below.

On ceilings, install Smoke Alarms as close to the center of the ceiling as possible, if this is not possible, install the Smoke Alarm at least 4 inches (102 mm) from the wall or corner.

On a peaked, gabled, or cathedral ceiling, install the first Smoke Alarm within 3 feet (0.9 meters) of the peak of the ceiling, measured horizontally. Additional Smoke Alarms may be required depending on the length, angle, etc. of the ceiling's slope. Refer to NFPA 72 for details on requirements for sloped or peaked ceilings.

Do not install this unit over an electrical junction box. Air currents around junction boxes can prevent smoke from reaching the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from alarming. Only AC powered units are intended for installation over junction boxes.

This Smoke Alarm is suitable for use in apartments, condominiums, townhouses, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group homes and domintories provided a primary for detection system already exists to meet fire detection equirements in common areas like lobbics, hallways, or opcides. Using list Smoke Alarm in common areas may not provide sufficient varing to all residents or meet local free protection ordinances/regulations.

This Smoke Alarm alone is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in places housing many people—like apartment buildings, condominiums, hotels, moltels, domillories, hospitals, health care facilities, nursing homes, day care facilities, or group homes of any kind. It is not a suitable substitute for complet fire detection systems in warehouses, industrial facilities, commercial buildings, and special-proysos non-residental buildings with regular special fire detection and alarm systems. Depending on the building codes in your area, this Smoke Alarm may be used to provide additional protection in these facilities.

FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, IT IS RECOMMENDED YOU AVOID INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN THESE AREAS:

Where combustion particles are produced. Combustion particles form when something burns. Areas to avoid include poorly ventilated kitchens, garages, and furnace rooms. Keep units at least 20 feet [6] maters from the sources of combustion particles (store, furnace, water heater, space heater) if possible. In areas where a 20-foot. (6-meter) distance is not possible – in modular, mobile, or smaller homes, for example – it is recommended the Smoke Alarm he placed as far from these fuel-burning sources as possible. The placement recommendations are intended to keep these Alarms at a reasonable distance from a fuel-burning source, and flus reduce "unwanted" alarms. Unwanted alarms can occur if a Smoke Alarm is placed directly next to a fuel-burning source. Ventilate these areas as much as possible.

. In very damp, humid or steamy areas, or directly near bathrooms with showers. Keep units at least 10 feet (3 meters) away from showers, saunas, dishwashers, etc.

. In very dusty, dirty, or greasy areas. Do not install a Smoke Alarm directly over the stove or range. Keep laundry room Smoke Alarms free of dust or lint.

Near fresh air vents, ceiling fans, or in very drafty areas. Drafts can blow smoke away from the unit, preventing it from reaching the sensing chamber

Where the temperatures are regularly below 40° F (4.4° C) or above 100° F (37.8° C), including unheated buildings, outdoor rooms, porches, or unfinished attics or basements.

AVIOINING DEAD AIR SPACES

"Fleed air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm. To avoid dead air spaces, follow the installation recommendations below.

On ceilings, install Smoke Alarms as close to the center of the ceiling as possible. If this is not possible, install the Smoke Alarm at least 4 inches (102 mm) from the wall or corner.

On a peaked, gabled, or cathedral ceiling, install the first Smoke Alarm within 3 feet (0.9 meters) of the peak of the ceiling, measured horizontally. Additional Smoke Alarms may be required depending on the length, angle, etc. of the ceiling's slope. Refer to NFPA 72 for details on requirements for sloped or peaked ceilings.

Do not install this unit over an electrical junction box. Air currents around junction boxes can prevent smoke from reaching the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from alarming. Only AC powered units are intended for installation over junction boxes.

This Smoke Alarm is suitable for use in apartments, condominiums, townhouses, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group homes and domintories provided a primary five detection system already exists to meet five detection requirements in common areas like lobbies, hallways, provides. Using this Smoke Alarm in common areas may not provide sufficient warning to all residents or meet local fire protection ordinances/regulations.

In new construction, most building codes require the use of AC or AC/DC powered Smoke Alarms only, in existing construction, AC, AC/DC, or DC powered Smoke Alarms can be used as specified by local building codes. Refer to NFPA 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (LIfe Safety Code), local building codes, or consult you fire Department for detailed fire protection requirements in buildings not defined as "households".

This Smoke Alarm alone is not a suitable substitute for complete fire detection systems in places housing many people—like apartment buildings, condominiums, hotels, nomitories, hospitals, health care facilities, nursing homes, day care facilities, or group homes of any kind. It is not a suitable substitute for complet fire detection systems in warehouses, industrial facilities, commercial buildings, and special-proyes non-residental buildings with regular postal for detection and alarm systems. Depending on the building codes in your area, this Smoke Alarm may be used to provide additional protection in these facilities.

Do not stand too close to the unit when the alarm is sounding. It is loud to wake you in an emergency. Exposure to the horn at close range may harm your hearing.

In air streams near kitchens. Air currents can draw cooking smoke into the sensing chamber of a Smoke Alarm near the kitchen

· In insect infested areas. Insects can clog openings to the sensing chamber and cause unwanted alarms. Less than 12 inches (305mm) away from fluorescent lights. Electrical "noise" can interfere with the sensor.

For wall mounting (if allowed by building codes), the top edge of Smoke Alarms should be placed between 4 and 12 inches (102 and 305 mm) from the wall/ceiling line, below typical "dead air" spaces.

This unit will not alert hearing impaired residents. It is recommended that you install special units which use devices like flashing strobe lights to alert hearing impaired residents.

Do not connect this unit to any other alarm or auxiliary device. It is a single-station unit that cannot be linked to other devices. Connecting anything else to this unit may prevent it from working properly.

Do not paint over the unit. Paint may clou the openings to the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from operating properly

In "dead air" spaces, "Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarg

**BASIC SAFETY INFORMATION** 

Unit will not operate without battery power.

SPECIAL COMPLIANCE CONSIDERATIONS

AWARNING!

In new construction, most building codes require the use of AC or AC/DC powered Smoke Alarms only. In existing construction, AC, AC/DC, or DC powered Smoke Alarms can be used as specified by tocal building codes. Refer to NFPA 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (LIG Safety Code), local building codes, or consult your Fire Department for detailed fire protection requirements in buildings or defined as "households".

Do not stand too close to the unit when the alarm is sounding. It is loud to wake you in an emergency. Exposure to the horn at close range may harm your hearing.

s, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group

#### LIMITATIONS OF SMOKE ALARMS

ABOUT SMOKE ALARMS

Battery (DC) operated Smoke Alarms: Provide protection even when electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. Units are easy to install, and do not require professional installation.

AC powered Smoke Alarms: Can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. They do not operate if electricity fails

Smoke/CO Alarms for Solar or Wind Energy users and battery backup power systems: AC powered Smoke/CO Alarms should only be operated with

rue or pure sine wave inverters. Operating this Alarm with most battery-powered UPS (uninterruptible power supply) products or square wave or "quasi ine wave" inverters will damage the Alarm. If you are not sure about your inverter or UPS type, please consult with the manufacturer to verify.

Smoke Alarms for the hearing impaired: Special purpose Smoke Alarms should be installed for the hearing impaired. They include a visual alarm and ara audible alarm horn, and meet the requirements of the Americans With Disabilities Act. Can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm.

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Smoke alarms are not to be used with detector guards unless the combination has been evaluated and found suitable for that purpose.

All these Smoke Alarms are designed to provide early warning of fires if located, installed and cared for as described in the user's manual, and if smoke reaches the Alarm. If you are unsure which type of Smoke Alarm to install, refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code). National Fire Protection, One Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101. Local building codes may also require specific units in new construction or in different areas of the home.

AC with battery (DC) back-up: will operate if electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. AC and AC/DC units must be installed by a qualified electrician.

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Smoke alarms may not waken all individuals. Practice the escape plan at least twice a year, making sure that everyone is involved – from kids to grandparents. Allow children to master fire escape planning and practice before holding aftire dril at hight when they are sleeping. It children or others do not readily waken to the sound of the smoke alarm, or if there are inflants or family members with mobility limitations, make sure that someone is assigned to assist them in fire dril and in the event of an emergency. It is recommended that you hold a life or dill while family members are sleeping in other other than their response to the sound of the smoke alarm while sleeping and to determine whether they may need assistance in the event of an emergency. Smoke Alarms cannot work without power. Battery operated units cannot work if the batteries are missing, disconnected or dead, if the wrong type of batteries are used, or if the batteries are not installed correctly. AC units cannot work if the AC power is cut off for any reason (open fuse or circuit breaker, failure along a power life or at a power station, electrical if the futburns the electrical wrise, etc.). If you are concerned about the limitations of lattery or AC power, both types of units. Smoke Alarms cannot detect fires if the smoke does not reach them. Smoke from fires in chimneys or walls, on roots, or on the other side of closed doors may not reach the sensing chamber and set off the alarm. That is why one unit should be installed inside each bedroot or sleeping area—especially if bedroom or sleeping area doors are closed at night—and in the hallway between them. of stepping alex—especially in Debroom of seeping area works are chosen at Ingin—and in the rainway Develore Internal States and the Some Alarms way not detect from a nanother floor or area of the home. For example, a stand-alone unit on the second floor may not detect smoke from a basement fire until the fire spreads. This may not give you enough time to escape safely. That is why recommended minimum protection is at least one unit in every sleeping area, and every bedroom on every level of your home. Even with a unit on every floor, stand-alone units may not provide as much protection as interconnected units, sepecially if the fire starts in a remote area. Some safety experts recommend installing interconnected AC powered units with thattery back-up (see "About Smoke Alarms") or professional fire detection systems, so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. Interconnected units may provide earlier warning than stand-alone units since all units alarm when one detects smoke. Smoke Alarms may not be heard. Though the alarm horn in this unit meets or exceeds current standards, it may not be heard if: 1) the unit is located outside a closed or sartially closed door, 2) residents recently consumed alcohol or drugs, 3) the alarm is drowned out by noise from stereo, IV, traffic, air conditioner or other appliances, 4) esidents are hearing impaired or sound despers. Special purpose units, like these with visual and audiothe alarms, should be installed for hearing impaired residents. Smoke Alarms may not have time to alarm before the fire itself causes damage, injury, or death, since smoke from some fires may not reach the unit immediately. Examples of this include persons smoking in bed, children playing with matches, or fires caused by violent explosions resulting from escaping gas monke Alarms are not foolproof. Like any electronic device, Smoke Alarms are made of components that can were not or fail at any time test the unit weekly to ensure your continued protection. Smoke Alarms cannot prevent or extinguish fires. They are not a substitute for property or life insurance. Smoke Alarms have a limited life. The unit should be replaced immediately if it is not operating properly. You should always replace a Smoke Alarm after 10 years from date of purchase. Write the purchase date on the space provided on back of unit.

## I IMITED WARRANTY BRK Brands, Inc., ("BRK") the maker of First Alext<sup>®</sup> brand products warrants that for a period of seven years from the date of purchase, this product will be free from deflects in material and workmanship. BRK, at its option, will repair or replace this product or any component of the product found to be deflected udring the warranty period. Replacement will be made with a new or remanufactured product or component. If the product

is no longer available, replacement may be made with a similar product of equal or greater value. This is your exclusive warranty This warranty is valid for the original read jourchaser from the date of initial retail jourchase and is not transferable. Keep the original sales recopt. Proof of purchase is required to obtain warranty performance. BRK dealers, service centers, or retail stores selling BRK products do not have the right to later, modify or any way change the terms and conditions of this warranty. This warranty does not cover normal wear of parts or damage resulting from any of the following: negligent use or misuse of the product, use on improper voltage or current, use contrary to the operating instructions, dissassembly, regain or alteration by anyone other than BRK or an authorized service center. Further, the warranty does not cover Acids 16d, such as fire, flood, hurricanes and tomadoes or any batteries that are included with this unit. MRS shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by the breach of any express or implied warranty. Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, any implied warranty of merchantability of finess for a particular purpose is limited in duration to the duration of the above warranty. Some states, provinces or jurisdictions on to allow the excusion or limitation or inclinated aronasceptural damages or limitations on how long an implied warranty. Some states, provinces or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state or province to province.

HOW TO D8TAIN WARRANTY SERVICE
Service: If service is required, do not return the product to your retailer. In order to obtain warranty service, contact the Consumer Affairs Division at 1-300-323-3005. To assist us in serving you, please have the model number and date of purchase available when calling. For Warranty Service return to: 1301 Joe Battle, El Paso, TX 79936 Battery: BRK Brands, Inc. make no warranty, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery Disposal: Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with regular household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check local requirements for disposal of Li-lon electronic devices.

The Alarm should be deactivated before disposal. See "To Deactivate the Smoke Alarm". ou can also return your Alarm to us for disposal. For return address see above. Please include a note confirming the product is being returned for disposal. Visit www.firstalert.ca for more information.

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**IMPORTANT!** 

29.5.1\* REQUIRED DETECTION.

(1) \*In all sleening rooms and guest rooms

(5) \*In the living area(s) of a guest suite

California State Fire Marshal (CSFM)

(3) On every level of a dwelling unit, including basements

IF YOU SUSPECT A PROBLEM

Smoke Alarms may not operate properly because of a dead or weak battery, a build-up of dirt, dust or grease on the Smoke Alarm cover, or installation in an improper location. Clean the Smoke Alarm as described in "Regular Maintenance," and then test the Smoke Alarm again. If it fails to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem persists, replace the Smoke Alarm immediately.

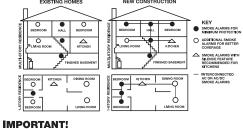
- If you hear a "chirp" about once a minute, replace the Smoke Alarm.
- If you experience frequent non-emergency alarms (like those caused by cooking smoke), try relocating the Smoke Alarm. If the alarm sounds when no smoke is visible, try cleaning or relocating the Smoke Alarm. The cover may be dirty.
- . If the alarm does not sound during testing, make sure the power pack activating lever is pushed all the way securely.

## Do not try fixing the Alarm yourself – this will void your warranty!

If the Smoke Alarm is still not operating properly, and it is still under warranty, please see "How to Obtain Warranty Service" in the Limited Warranty. **RECOMMENDED LOCATIONS FOR SMOKE ALARMS** 

## Installing Smoke Alarms in Single-Family Residences The National Fire Protection Association (NFPA), recommends one Smoke Alarm on every floor, in every sleeping area, and in every bedroom. In new construction, the Smoke Alarms must be AC powered and interconnected. See "Agency Placement Recommendations" for details.

For additional coverage, it is recommended that you install a Smoke Alarm in all rooms, halls, storage areas, finished attics, and basements, where temperatures normally remain between 40° F (4.4° C) and 100° F (37.6° C). Make sure no door or other obstruction could keep smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarms.



#### Specific requirements for Smoke Alarm installation vary from state to state and from region to region. Check with your local Fire Department for current requirements in your area. It is recommended AC or AC/DC units be interconnected for added protection. **AGENCY PLACEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS** NFPA 72 CHAPTER 29 "FOR YOUR INFORMATION, THE NATIONAL FIRE ALARM AND SIGNALING CODE, NFPA 72, READS AS FOLLOWS:"

29.5.1\* REQUIRED DETECTION. 29.5.1.1\* Where required by other governing laws, codes, or standards for a specific type of occupancy,

- approved single and multiple-station smoke alarms shall be installed as follows: (1) \*In all sleeping rooms and guest rooms
- (2) \*Outside of each separate dwelling unit sleeping area, within 21 ft (6.4 m) of any door to a sleeping room, with the distance measured along a path of travel (3) On every level of a dwelling unit, including basements (4) On every level of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility), including basements and excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attics
- (5) \*In the living area(s) of a guest suite
- (6) In the living area(s) of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility)

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Early warning detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: A Smoke Alarm installed in each separate sleeping area (in the vicinity, but outside bedrooms), and Heat or Smoke Alarms in the living rooms, fining rooms, bedrooms, kitchens, hallways, finished attics, furnace rooms, closets, utility and storage rooms, besements, and attached garages.

California State Fire Marshal (CSFM)

Smoke Alarms may not operate properly because of a dead or weak battery, a build-up of dirt, dust or grease on the Smoke Alarm cover, or installation in an improper location. Clean the Smoke Alarm as described in "Regular Maintenance," and then test the Smoke Alarm again. If it fails to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem persists, replace the Smoke Alarm immediately.

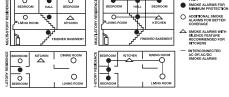
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MORE SPECIFICALLY, INSTALL SMOKE ALARMS: On every level of your home, including finished attics and basements. Inside every bedroom, especially if people sleep with doors closed.

- In the hall near every sleeping area. If you neters) long, install an Alarm at each end.
- ACAUTION!

# **IMPORTANT!**

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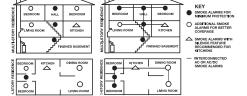
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In the hall near every sleeping area. If you home has multiple sleeping areas, install a unit in each. If a hall is over 40 feet (12 neters) long, install an Alarm at each end.

ACAUTION!

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Smoke Alarms may not have time to alarm before the fire itself causes damage, injury, or death, since smoke from some fires may not reach the unit immediately. Examples of this include persons smoking in bed, children playing with matches, or fires caused by violent explosions resulting from escaping g

Smoke Alarms are not foolproof. Like any electronic device, Smoke Alarms are made of components that can wear out or fail at any time. You must test the unit weekly to ensure your continued protection. Smoke Alarms cannot prevent or extinguish fires. They are not a substitute for property or life insurance.

Smoke Alarms have a limited life. The unit should be replaced immediately if it is not operating properly. You should always replace a Smoke Alarm after 10 years from date of purchase. Write the purchase date on the space provided on back of unit.

AC with battery (DC) back-up: will operate if electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. AC and AC/DC units must be installed by a qualified electrician.

Alarms can only work if they are properly located, installed, and maintained, and it smoke reaches them. They are not tooproor.

Smoke alarms may not waken all individuals. Practice the escape plan at least twice a year, making sure that everyone is involved – from kids to grandparents. Allow children to master fire escape planning and practice before holding aftire dril at hight when they are sleeping. It children or others do not readily waken to the sound of the smoke alarm, or if there are inflants or family members with mobility limitations, make sure that someone is assigned to assist them in fire dril and in the event of an emergency. It is recommended that you hold a life or dill while family members are sleeping in other other than their response to the sound of the smoke alarm while sleeping and to determine whether they may need assistance in the event of an emergency. Smoke Alarms cannot work without power. Battery operated units cannot work if the batteries are missing, disconnected or dead, if the wrong type of batteries are used, or if the batteries are not installed correctly. AC units cannot work if the AC power is cut off for any reason (open fuse or circuit breaker, failure along a power lin or at a power stallor, electrical fire but burns the electrical wires, etc.). If you are connected about the limitations of battery or AC power, but but types of units or at a power stallor, electrical fire but burns the electrical wires, etc.). If you are connected about the limitations of battery or AC power, but but types of units. Smoke Alarms cannot detect fires if the smoke does not reach them. Smoke from fires in chimneys or walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors may not reach the sensing chamber and set off the alarm. That is why one unit should be installed inside each bedroor or sleeping are are—especially if bedroom or sleeping are alors are closed at night—and in the halwy between them. of stepping alex—especially in Debroom of seeping area works are chosen at Ingin—and in the rainway Develore Internal States and the Some Alarms way not detect from a nanother floor or area of the home. For example, a stand-alone unit on the second floor may not detect smoke from a basement fire until the fire spreads. This may not give you enough time to escape safely. That is why recommended minimum protection is at least one unit in every sleeping area, and every bedroom on every level of your home. Even with a unit on every floor, stand-alone units may not provide as much protection as interconnected units, sepecially if the fire starts in a remote area. Some safety experts recommend installing interconnected AC powered units with thattery back-up (see "About Smoke Alarms") or professional fire detection systems, so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. Interconnected units may provide earlier warning than stand-alone units since all units alarm when one detects smoke. Smoke Alarms may not be heard. Though the alarm horn in this unit meets or exceeds current standards, it may not be heard if: 1) the unit is located outside a closed or sartially closed door, 2) residents recently consumed alcohol or drugs, 3) the alarm is drowned out by noise from stereo, IV, traffic, air conditioner or other appliances, 4) esidents are hearing impaired or sound despers. Special purpose units, like these with visual and audiothe alarms, should be installed for hearing impaired residents. Romke Alarms may not have time to alarm before the fire itself causes damage, injury, or death, since smoke from some fires may not reach the unit immediately. Examples of this include persons smoking in bed, children playing with matches, or fires caused by violent explosions resulting from escaping gas Romke Alarms are not fooliproof. Like any electronic device, Smoke Alarms are made of components that can were not or fail at any time. You must test the unit weekly to ensure your continued protection. Smoke Alarms cannot prevent or extinguish fires. They are not a substitute for property or life insurance. Smoke Alarms have a limited life. The unit should be replaced immediately if it is not operating properly. You should always replace a Smoke Alarm after 10 years from date of purchase. Write the purchase date on the space provided on back of unit.

# LIMITED WARRANTY

BRK Brands, Inc., ("BRK") the maker of First Alert<sup>®</sup> brand products warrants that for a period of seven years from the date of purchase, this product will be free from defects in material and workmanship. BRK, at its option, will repair or replace this product or any component of the product found to be defected uning the warrant period. Replacement will be made with a new or remanderuber product or component. If the product s no longer available, replacement may be made with a similar product of equal or greater value. This is your exclusive warranty This warranty is valid for the original read jourchaser from the date of initial retail jourchase and is not transferable. Keep the original sales recopt. Proof of purchase is required to obtain warranty performance. BRK dealers, service centers, or retail stores selling BRK products do not have the right to later, modify or any way change the terms and conditions of this warranty. This warranty does not cover normal wear of parts or damage resulting from any of the following: negligent use or misuse of the product, use on improper voltage or current, use contrary to the operating instructions, dissassembly, regain or alteration by anyone other than BRK or an authorized service center. Further, the warranty does not cover Acids 16d, such as fire, flood, hurricanes and tomadoes or any batteries that are included with this unit. National types and the properties of the properties and uniqueness of any searches that are included with this sum.

MRK shall not be lighed for any incidental or consequential damages caused by the breach of any express or implied warranty. Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, any implied warranty or merchantability of finess for a particular purpose is limited in duration to the duration of the above warranty. Some states, provinces or jurisdictions of not allow the exclusion of infinitation or inclinated and expense or initiations on how long an implied warranty sates, so the above initiations or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state or province to

HOW TO DBYAIN WARRANTY SERVICE
Service: If service is required, do not return the product to your retailer. In order to obtain warranty service, contact the Consumer Affairs Division at 1-300-323-9005. To assist us in serving you, please have the model number and date of purchase available when calling. For Warranty Service return to: 1301 Joe Battle, El Paso, TX 79936

Battery: BRK Brands, Inc. make no warranty, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery Disposal: Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with regular household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check local requirements for disposal of Li-lon electronic devices. The Alarm should be deactivated before disposal. See "To Deactivate the Smoke Alarm". ou can also return your Alarm to us for disposal. For return address see above. Please include a note confirming the product is being returned for disposal

Visit www.firstalert.ca for more information.

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HOW TO OBTAIN WARRANTY SERVICE
Service: If service is required, do not return the product to your retailer. In order to obtain warranty service, contact the Consumer Affairs Division at 1-500-323-3005. To assist us in serving you, please have the model number and date of purchase available when calling. For Warranty Service return to: 1301 Joe Battle, El Paso, TX 79936

lattery: BRK Brands, Inc. make no warranty, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery. **Disposal:** Waste electrical products should not be disposed of with regular household waste. Please recycle where facilities exist. Check local requirements for disposal of Li-lon electronic devices.

The Alarm should be deactivated before disposal. See "To Deactivate the Smoke Alarm". ou can also return your Alarm to us for disposal. For return address see above. Please include a note confirming the product is being returned for disposal.

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BRK shall not be liable for any incidental or consequential damages caused by the breach of any express or implied warranty. Except to the extent prohibited by applicable law, any implied warranty of merchantability of finess for a particular purpose is limited in duration to the duration of the above warranty. Some states, provinces or jurisdictions on the old allow the exclusion of imitation of inclined or consequential damages or limitations on how long an implied warranty lasts, so the above limitations or exclusion may not apply to you. This warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights that vary from state to state or province to province. HOW TO DBYAIN WARRANTY SERVICE
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Battery: BRK Brands, Inc. make no warranty, express or implied, written or oral, including that of merchantability or fitness for any particular purpose with respect to battery

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IT IUU SUSTEUI A FNUBLEM
Smoke Alarms may not operate properly because of a dead or weak battery, a build-up of dirt, dust or grease on the Smoke Alarm cover, or installation in an improper location. Clean the Smoke Alarm as described in "Regular Malintenance," and then test the Smoke Alarm again. If if also to test properly when you use the test button, or if the problem perseists, replace the Smoke Alarm immediately. If you hear a "chirp" about once a minute, replace the Smoke Alarm. If you experience frequent non-emergency alarms (like those caused by cooking smoke), try relocating the Smoke Alarm.

Do not try fixing the Alarm yourself – this will void your warranty!

# If the Smoke Alarm is still not operating properly, and it is still under warranty, please see "How to Obtain Warranty Service" in the Limited Warranty.

**RECOMMENDED LOCATIONS FOR SMOKE ALARMS** Installing Smoke Alarms in Single-Family Residences The National Fire Protection Association (NPA), recommends one Smoke Alarm on every floor, in every sleeping area, and in every bedroom. In new construction, the Smoke Alarms must be AC powered and interconnected. See "Agency Placement Recommendations" for details. For additional coverage, it is recommended that you insilal a Smoke Alarm in ill rooms, halls, storage areas, finished attics, and basements licks, and basements in the imperatures normally remain between 40° F (4.4° C) and 100° F (37.8° C). Make sure no door or other obstruction could keep smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarms.

# MORE SPECIFICALLY, INSTALL SMOKE ALARMS:

## **IMPORTANT!** Specific requirements for Smoke Alarm installation vary from state to state and from region to region. Check with your local Fire Department for current requirements in your area. It is recommended AC or AC/DC units be interconnected for added protection.

California State Fire Marshal (CSFM)

AGENCY PLACEMENT RECOMMENDATIONS NFPA 72 CHAPTER 29 "FOR YOUR INFORMATION, THE NATIONAL FIRE ALARM AND SIGNALING CODE, NFPA 72, READS AS FOLLOWS:"

29.5.1\* REQUIRED DETECTION. 29.5.1.1\* Where required by other governing laws, codes, or standards for a specific type of occupancy, approved single and multiple-station smoke alarms shall be installed as follow

\*In all sleeping rooms and guest rooms (2) \*Outside of each separate dwelling unit sleeping area, within 21 ft (6.4 m) of any door to a sleeping room, with the distance measured along a path of travel

(3) On every level of a dwelling unit, including basements On every level of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility), including basements and excluding crawl spaces and unfinished attic (5) \*In the living area(s) of a guest suite

In the living area(s) of a residential board and care occupancy (small facility) (Reprinted with permission from NFPA 72°, National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code Copyright © 2010 National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety), (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code® and NFPA 72° are registered trademarks of the National Fire Protection Association, Inc., Quincy, MA 02269).

Early warning detection is best achieved by the installation of fire detection equipment in all rooms and areas of the household as follows: A Smoke Alarm installed in each separate sleeping area (in the vicinity, but duside bedrooms, it he hate of Smoke Alarms in the living rooms, doing rooms, bedrooms, lichtens, hallways, finished utilis, furnace rooms, closets, utility and storage rooms, besements, and attached garages.

**LOCATIONS TO AVOID FOR SMOKE ALARMS** 

FOR BEST PERFORMANCE, IT IS RECOMMENDED YOU AVOID INSTALLING SMOKE ALARMS IN THESE AREAS:

Where combustion particles are produced. Combustion particles form when something burns. Areas to avoid include poorly ventilated kitchens, garages, and furnace rooms. Keep units at least 10 bet 16 meters if one sources of combustion particles (store, furnace, water heater, space heater) if possible. In areas where a 20-foot (6-meter) distance is not possible – in modular, mobile, or smaller homes, for example – its recommended the Smoke Alarm be placed as far from these fuel-burning sources as possible. The placement recommendations are intended to keep these Alarms at a reasonable distance from a fuel-burning source, and thus reduce "unwanted" alarms. Unwanted alarms can occur if a Smoke Alarm be placed directly next to a fuel-burning source. Ventilate these areas as much as possible.

In air streams near kitchens. Air currents can draw cooking smoke into the sensing chamber of a Smoke Alarm ment resident from a fuel produce of the sensing chamber of a Smoke Alarm ment resident from those are used. In very damp, humid or steamy areas, or directly near bathrooms with showers. Keep units at least 10 feet (3 meters) away from showers, saunas, dishwashers, etc.

Where the temperatures are regularly below 40° F (4.4° C) or above 100° F (37.8° C), including unheated buildings, outdoor rooms, porches, or unfinished attics or basements. . In very dusty, dirty, or greasy areas. Do not install a Smoke Alarm directly over the stove or range. Keep laundry room Smoke Alarms free of dust or lint.

 Near fresh air vents, ceiling fans, or in very drafty areas. Drafts can blow smoke away from the unit, preventing it from reaching the se In insect infested areas. Insects can clog openings to the sensing chamber and cause unwanted alarms.

Less than 12 inches (305mm) away from fluorescent lights. Electrical "noise" can interfere with the sensor.
 In "dead air" spaces. "Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm.

#### AVOIDING DEAD AIR SPACES nt smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm. To avoid dead air spaces, follow the installation recommendations below "Dead air" spaces may prevent smoke from reaching the Smoke Alarm. In avion oean air spaces, rollow use installation recumientations occurs. On ceilings, install Smoke Alarms as close to the center of the ceiling as possible. If this is not possible, install the Smoke Alarm at least 4 inches (102 mm) from the wall or corner.

For wall mounting (if allowed by building codes), the top edge of Smoke Alarms should be placed between 4 and 12 inches (102 and 305 mm) from the wall/ceiling line, below typical "dead air" spaces. On a peaked, gabled, or cathedral ceiling, install the first Smoke Alarm within 3 feet (0.9 meters) of the peak of the ceiling, measured horizontally, Additional Smoke Alarms may be required depending on the length, angle, etc. of the ceiling's slope. Refer to NFPA 72 for details on requirements for sloped or peaked ceilings. BASIC SAFETY INFORMATION

## AWARNING! This unit will not alert hearing impaired residents. It is recommended that you install special units which use devices like flashing strobe lights to alert hearing impaired residents.

Do not connect this unit to any other alarm or auxiliary device. It is a single-station unit that cannot be linked to other devices. Connecting anything else to this unit may prevent it from working properly.

Unit will not operate without battery power.

Do not install this unit over an electrical junction box. Air currents around junction boxes can prevent smoke from reaching the sensing chamber and prevent the unit from alarming. Only AC powered units are intended for installation over junction boxes.

This Smoke Alarm is suitable for use in apartments, condominiums, townhouses, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group homes and dormitories provided a primary fire detection system already exists to meet fire detection requirements in common areas like lobbies, halways, or proches. Using this Smoke Alarm in common areas may not provide sufficient varing to all residents or meet local free protection ordinances regulations. In new construction, most building codes require the use of AC or AC/DC powered Smoke Alarms only. In existing construction, AC, AC/DC, or DC powered Smoke Alarms can be used as specified by local building codes. Refer to NFPA 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (LIfe Safety Code), local building codes, or consult your Fire Department for detailed fire repotection requirements in buildings not defined as "households".

s, hospitals, day care facilities, health care facilities, boarding houses, group

## **ABOUT SMOKE ALARMS** Battery (DC) operated Smoke Alarms: Provide protection even when electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. Units are easy to install, and do not require professional installation.

AC powered Smoke Alarms: Can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. They do not operate if electricity fails. AC with battery (DC) back-up: will operate if electricity fails, provided the batteries are fresh and correctly installed. AC and AC/DC units must be installed by a qualified electrician. Smoke/CO Alarms for Solar or Wind Energy users and battery backup power systems: AC powered Smoke/CO Alarms should only be operated with rue or pure sine wave inverters. Operating this Alarm with most battery-powered UPS (uninterruptible power supply) products or square wave or "quasi sine wave" inverters will damage the Alarm. If you are not sure about your inverter or UPS type, please consult with the manufacturer to verify. Smoke Alarms for the hearing impaired: Special purpose Smoke Alarms should be installed for the hearing impaired. They include a visual alarm and an audible alarm horn, and meet the requirements of the Americans With Disabilities Act. Can be interconnected so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm.

Smoke alarms are not to be used with detector guards unless the combination has been evaluated and found suitable for that purpose.

All these Smoke Alarms are designed to provide early warning of fires if located, installed and found suitable for that purpose.

All these Smoke Alarms are designed to provide early warning of fires if located, installed and cared for as described in the user's manual, and if smoke reaches the Alarm. If you are unsure which type of Smoke Alarm to install, refer to National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Standard 72 (National Fire Alarm and Signaling Code) and NFPA 101 (Life Safety Code). National Fire Protection, One Batterymarch Park, Quincy, MA 02269-9101. Local building codes may also require specific units in new construction or in different areas of the home. LIMITATIONS OF SMOKE ALARMS

# imoke Alarms have played a key role in reducing deaths resulting from home fires worldwide. However, like any warning device, Smoke larms can only work if they are properly located, installed, and maintained, and if smoke reaches them. They are not foolproof.

Romoke alarms may not waken all individuals. Practice the escape plan at least twice a year, making sure that everyone is involved – from kids to grandparents. Allow children to master fire escape planning and practice before holding a fire drill at night when they are sleeping. If children or others not readily waken to the sound of the smoke alarm, or if there are infants or family members with mobility limitations, make sure that someone is assigned. assist them in fire drill and in the event of an emergency. It is recommended that you hold a fire drill while family members are sleeping in order to determine their response to the sound of the smoke alarm while sleeping and to determine whether they may need assistance in the event of an emergency. Smoke Alarms cannot work without power. Battery operated units cannot work if the batteries are missing, disconnected or dead, if the wrong type of batteries are used, or if the batteries are not installed correctly. AC units cannot work if the AC power is out off for any reason (open fuse or circuit present) probable, failure along a power life or at a power stalled, nelectrical fire bits burns the electrical wrise, etc.] If you are connected about the limitations of battery or AC power, install both types of units. Smoke Alarms cannot detect fires if the smoke does not reach them. Smoke from fires in chimneys or walls, on roofs, or on the other side of closed doors may not reach the sensing chamber and set off the alarm. That is why one unit should be installed inside each bedroor or sleeping are are—especially if bedroom or sleeping are alors are closed at night—and in the halwy between them. of stepping alex—especially in Debroom of seeping area works are chosen at Ingin—and in the rainway Develore Internal States and the Some Alarms way not detect from a nanother floor or area of the home. For example, a stand-alone unit on the second floor may not detect smoke from a basement fire until the fire spreads. This may not give you enough time to escape safely. That is why recommended minimum protection is at least one unit in every sleeping area, and every bedroom on every level of your home. Even with a unit on every floor, stand-alone units may not provide as much protection as interconnected units, sepecially if the fire starts in a remote area. Some safety experts recommend installing interconnected AC powered units with thattery back-up (see "About Smoke Alarms") or professional fire detection systems, so if one unit senses smoke, all units alarm. Interconnected units may provide earlier warning than stand-alone units since all units alarm when one detects smoke.

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